RESULTS FRAMEWORK OF THE UN-HABITAT STRATEGIC PLAN (2014-2019)



UN HABITAT RESULTS FRAMEWORK 2014 – 2019 OVERVIEW

| Goal | Environmentally, economically, and socially sustainable, gender sensitive and inclusive urban development policies implemented by national, regional and local authorities have improved the standard of living of the urban poor and enhanced their participation in the social economic life of the city. | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Indicators | Percentage of peo | ple living in slums, disa | aggregated by gender | | | | | | |
| | Percentage of urba | an population with acc | ess to adequate housi | ng | | | | | |
| | • . | Percent age of people residing in urban areas with access to safe drinking water, adequate sanitation, and regular waste collection services, clean domestic energy and public transport, disaggregated by gender | | | | | | | |
| | | Number of city, regional and national authorities that have implemented urban policies supportive of local economic development and creation of decent jobs and livelihoods | | | | | | | |
| | Number of city and growth adequately | • | hat have implemented | l sustainable urban pl | ans and designs that | are inclusive and res | spond to urban population | | |
| | FA 1 | FA 2 | FA 3 | FA 4 | FA 5 | FA 6 | FA 7 | | |
| Strategic Result/ | City, regional and national authorities | City, regional and national authorities | City, regional and national authorities | City, regional and national authorities | Local, national and regional authorities | Cities have increased their | Key actors at local, national and global | | |
| Focus | have adopted | have adopted | have adopted or | have implemented | have implemented | resilience to the | levels acquire increased | | |
| Area | enabling legislation and established | improved policies, plans and designs | implemented improved urban | policies for increasing | policies for sustainable and | impacts of natural and human-made | knowledge on sustainable | | |
| | systems for improved access to land, effective | for more compact, socially inclusive, better integrated | policies and strategies that are supportive of | equitable access to urban basic services and | inclusive housing, slum upgrading and prevention | crises and undertaken rehabilitation in | urbanisation issues and enhanced capacity for monitoring urban | | |
| | decentralised | and connected | economic | improving the | F | ways that advance | conditions as well as for | | |
| | governance and | cities that foster | development, with | standard of living | | sustainable urban | formulation and | | |
| | urban safety that | sustainable urban | particular focus on | of the urban poor. | | development | implementation of | | |
| | foster sustainable | development and | young men and | | | | evidence-based policies | | |
| | urban development. | are resilient to | women, and | | | | and programmes | | |
| | | climate change. | enhanced urban and | | | | | | |
| | | | municipal finance. | | | | | | |

| Expected | Increased capacity of local | Improved national urban | Improved capacity of | Improved policies | Global Framework | Improved risk | Improved |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Accom- | and national governments | policies and spatial | partner cities to adopt | and guidelines on | for Development | reduction policies, | monitoring of |
| olishment | and other UN Habitat | frameworks for systems | strategies that are | equitable access to | Effectiveness in | strategies and | urban condition |
| | Agenda Partners to | of compact, socially | supportive of inclusive | sustainable urban | Inclusive Housing, | programmes | and trends |
| | implement enabling | inclusive, integrated and | economic growth | basic services | Slum Upgrading and | adopted for greater | |
| | legislation for improving | connected cities adopted | | implemented by | Prevention | resilience of cities | Improved |
| | urban extension, | by partner metropolitan, | Improved capacity of | partner local | developed | and other human | knowledge on |
| | densification, urban | regional and national | partner cities to adopt | regional and | | settlements | sustainable |
| | planning and local | authorities | and implement urban | national authorities | Sustainable | | urbanisation |
| | government finance | | policies and programs | | inclusive Housing, | Improved | issues at local, |
| | | Improved policies, plans | supportive of | Increased flow of | Slum Upgrading and | settlements recovery | national and |
| | Increased capacity of local | and designs for compact, | increased employment | investment into | Prevention are | and reconstruction | global levels |
| | and national governments | socially inclusive, | opportunities and | equitable urban | mainstreamed in | interventions for | |
| | and other UN Habitat | integrated and | enhanced livelihoods | basic services | National Policies, | longer term | Improved |
| | Agenda Partners to | connected cities and | for urban young men | catalysed by UN- | Strategies and | sustainability in | capacities of |
| | implement programmes | neighbourhoods adopted | and women | Habitat | Development Plans | cities and other | national and loo |
| | that improve security of | by partner cities | lucional consistent of | programmes in | Custoinelle | human settlements | authorities and |
| | tenure of vulnerable groups | | Improved capacity of | partner countries | Sustainable | Shelter rehabilitation | partners to |
| | including women, youth, | Improved policies, plans | partner cities to adopt | with a focus on | inclusive Housing, | | formulate and |
| | indigenous people and minorities | and strategies that contribute to the | policies, plans and | urban poor | Slum Upgrading and Prevention is | programmes in crises responses | implement informed polici |
| | minorities | mitigation of and | strategies for improved urban and | Increase in the use | mainstreamed in | have contributed to | and programme |
| | Local and national | adaptation to climate | municipal finance | of sustainable | Local Development | sustainable and | and programme |
| | governments and other | change adopted by | municipal marice | urban basic | Plans | resilient cities and | |
| | Habitat Agenda Partners | partner city, regional and | | services in partner | r iaits | other human | |
| | improved policies, plans and | national authorities | | cities | | settlements | |
| | strategies that contribute to | national authorities | | | | Settlements | |
| | strengthen effective | | | | | | |
| | decentralised governance, | | | | | | |
| | inclusive urban | | | | | | |
| | management and safety | | | | | | |

Focus Area 1: URBAN LEGISLATION, LAND AND GOVERNANCE

| Strategic Result | City, regional and national authorities have adopted enabling legislation and established systems for improved access to land, effective decentralised governance and urban safety that foster sustainable urban development. | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Indicator | Number of partner cities, regional and national autho | rities that have adopted legislation for improved urban g | overnance | | |
| | Number of partner cities, regions and countries that h | nave improved tenure security | | | |
| | Number of partner cities, regional and national autho on Access to Basic Services and All the Guidelines for | rities implementing Guidelines on Decentralisation and th Prevention of Crime. | ne Strengthening of Local Authorities, the Guidelines | | |
| Expected Accomplishment | Increased capacity of local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners to implement enabling legislation for improving urban extension, densification, urban planning and urban finance. | Increased capacity of local, national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners to implement programmes that improve security of tenure for vulnerable groups, including women, youth indigenous people and minorities. | Local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners improved policies, plans and strategies that strengthen decentralised governance, inclusive urban management and safety | | |
| <u>Indicators</u> | Number of consultative legal reform processes to improve urban extension, densification, urban planning and finance with the technical support of UN-Habitat | Number of programmes to improve security of tenure for the vulnerable groups, including women, youth, indigenous people and minorities implemented by partner local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda partners | Number of partner cities, regional and national authorities that have adapted the guidelines on decentralisation and access to basic services for all Number of partner city, regional and national authorities that have adopted local crime prevention strategies | | |

| Sub Expected Accomplishment | Local and national governments initiated consultative legal reform processes to improve urban extension, densification, planning and finance | Local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners have improved tools and approaches for increased security of tenure for vulnerable groups | Local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners have improved policy dialogue on inclusive and participatory urban governance, and increased urban safety |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Legislative reports adopted by participants of consultative processes | Local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners have improved knowledge and awareness on land related policy, institutional and technical frameworks, tools and approaches to increase security of tenure for vulnerable groups | Local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners have Strengthened capacity to develop policies and strategies for inclusive and participatory urban governance, and increased urban safety |
| Indicator | Number of local and national governments and Habitat Agenda partners identify and prioritise their objectives for urban legal reform | Number of local and national governments and other Habitat Agenda Partners requesting or adopting tools and approaches | Number partners cities, local and national governments organising inclusive and participatory policy dialogue meetings on urban governance and safety |
| | Number of legislative reports finalised by participants of consultative processes | Number of partners incorporating the tools and approaches in their plans and strategies | Number of partners using tools and approaches in urban policy making |

Focus Area 2: Urban Planning and Design

| Strategic ResultCity, regional and national authorities have adopted improved policies, plans and designs for more compact, socially inclusive, bett connected cities that foster sustainable urban development and are resilient to climate change. | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Indicator | Number of partner city, regional and national au standards derived from best practices. | thorities that have implemented urban policies, plar | ns and designs that apply principles and | |
| Expected Accomplishment | Improved national urban policies and spatial frameworks for compact, integrated and connected cities adopted by partner metropolitan, regional and national authorities | Improved policies, plans and designs for compact, integrated and connected cities and neighbourhoods adopted by partner cities | Improved policies, plans and strategies that contribute to the mitigation of and adaptation to climate change adopted by partner city, regional and national authorities | |
| Indicator | Number of partner metropolitan, regional and national authorities that have adopted national urban policies or spatial frameworks that support compact, integrated and connected cities | Number of partner cities, that have adopted policies, plans and designs for compact, integrated and connected cities and neighbourhoods | Number of partner city, regional and national authorities that have adopted policies, plans and strategies that contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation | |
| Sub Expected Accomplishment | Improved policy dialogue on urban policies within a spatial framework in global fora, as well as by national, regional and metropolitan authorities | Improved policy dialogue at local, national and global level on innovations in urban planning and design by city authorities Strengthened capacities of city institutions to | Improved policy dialogue on the urban dimension of climate change in global fora, as well as by national, regional and local authorities | |
| | Strengthened capacities of institutions linked to national, regional and metropolitan authorities to develop urban policies and plans for compact, socially inclusive, integrated and connected system of cities | develop plans and designs for compact, socially inclusive, integrated and connected cities and neighbourhoods | Strengthened capacity of partner city, regional and national authorities to develop policies and strategies that contribute to the mitigation of and adaptation to climate change | |

| Indicators | Number of formal policy dialogue meetings, | Number of formal policy dialogue meetings held | Number of formal policy dialogue meetings |
|------------|--|--|--|
| | held with engagement of key players, organised | with engagement of key players, organised by | held with engagement of key players, |
| | by counterparts | counterparts | organised by counterparts |
| | Number of national, regional and metropolitan institutions producing quality contributions into urban planning and policy reform process | Number of city institutions producing quality contributions into the planning and design process | Number of national, regional and city institutions producing quality contributions into climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies |

Focus Area 3: URBAN ECONOMY

| Strategic Result | City, regional and national authorities have adopted or implemented improved urban policies and strategies that are supportive of economic development,-with particular focus on young men and women, and enhanced urban and municipal finance. | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Indicator | Number of partner cities, regional and national authorities that have adopted or implemented improved urban strategies and policies supportive of the creation of decent jobs and livelihoods for youth | | | | | |
| | Number of partner cities, regional and national supportive of enhanced urban and municipal fir | authorities that have adopted or implemented implance | proved urban strategies and policies | | | |
| Expected Accomplishment | Improved capacity of partner cities to adopt strategies supportive of inclusive economic growth | Improved capacity of partner cities to adopt urban policies and programs supportive of increased employment, livelihoods and opportunities and with focus on urban youth and women | Improved capacity of partner cities to adopt policies, plans and strategies for improved urban and municipal finance | | | |
| <u>Indicator</u> | Number of partner cities that prepared local economic development plans Number of partner cities that set priorities based on local economic assessment | Number of partner cities that have adopted programs supportive of increased employment opportunities and livelihoods with focus on urban youth and women | Number of partner cities that have adopted programs and strategies for improved urban and municipal finance | | | |
| Sub Expected Accomplishment | Developed strategic partnerships for local economic development | Multi-sectoral partnerships that promote youth livelihood issues are formed | Partner cities identified strategies to improve their financial performance | | | |
| | Improved knowledge of partners about their local economy | Partners adopted evidence-based good practices | Increased partnerships for urban and municipal financing | | | |
| Indicator | Number of partner cities that have established strategic partnerships for local economic growth | Number of multi-sectoral partnerships that work on youth livelihood issues | Number of municipalities that develop strategies for improving operational efficiency | | | |
| | Number of partner cities that have collected data and information on local economy | Number of references made to good practices in policy and program documents and fora | Number of partnership agreements for urban and municipal financing | | | |

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| trends, potential and challenges | Number of references made to good practices |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | in research literature |

Focus Area 4: Urban Basic Services

| Strategic Result | City, regional and national authorities have imple standard of living of the urban poor. | emented policies for increasing equitable access to u | irban basic services and improving the |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Indicator | | thorities that have implemented policies for increas ion and strengthening of local authorities and on ac | |
| Expected Accomplishment | Improved policies and guidelines on equitable access to sustainable urban basic services implemented by partner local, regional and national authorities | Increased flow of investments into urban basic services catalysed by UN-Habitat programmes in partner countries with a focus on the urban poor | Increase in the use of sustainable urban basic services in partner cities |
| <u>Indicator</u> | Increased number of partner local, regional and national authorities implementing policies and the International Guidelines on Decentralization and Access to Basic Services | Amount of investments into urban basic services catalysed by UN-Habitat programs in partner countries | Percentage of consumers in partner cities with access to sustainable water and sanitation services |
| | for All | | Percentage of households in partner cities using sustainable energy supply |
| | | | Percentage of population in partner cities using sustainable modes of transport |
| Sub Expected Accomplishment | Improved policy dialogue and design for increasing access to basic services at local and national levels | Increased commitment into urban basic services catalysed by UN-Habitat programmes in partner countries | Increased availability of sustainable water supply services |
| | Strengthened capacities of local and national institutions to develop policies that increase | Strengthened partnership with regional development banks and other multilateral and | Increased awareness and availability of services to promote access to basic sanitation |
| | access to basic services | bilateral financing institutions. | Increased awareness and availability of options of modern sustainable energy services |
| | | | Increased awareness and availability of options of sustainable modes of transport |

| Indicator | Number of local and national authorities developing and implementing policies that increase access to basic services | Number of partner countries reporting on increased commitment of resources into urban basic services accrued from partnerships with | Number of households in partner cities using sustainable water supply services |
|-----------|--|---|--|
| | Number of local and national authorities with increased capacity to develop and implement | other organizations Number of regional development banks and other multilateral and bilateral financing | Number of households in partner cities adopting improved sanitation practices |
| | policies that increase access to basic services | institutions | Number of households in partner cities using modern energy sources |

Number of people in partner cities using sustainable modes of transport.

Focus Area 5: Housing and slum upgrading

| Strategic Result | Local, national and regional authorities have implem | nented policies for sustainable and inclusive hous | sing, slum upgrading and prevention |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Indicators | Number of local, national and regional authorities th programmes | nat are implementing sustainable and inclusive h | ousing, slum upgrading and prevention policies and |
| Expected Accomplishment | Global Housing Strategy for inclusive housing, slum upgrading and slum prevention formulated | National housing, slum upgrading and prevention strategies and programmes integrating the Global Housing Strategy vision and principles are formulated and implemented | National housing, slum upgrading and prevention strategies and programmes integrating Global Housing Strategy vision and principles are mainstreamed and implemented at city and community level |
| Indicators | Number of local, regional and national authorities, as well as regional and international forums, organizations and partners, that have joined the Global Housing Strategy | Number of national housing, slum upgrading and prevention strategies and programmes aligned to the Global Housing Strategy vision and principles formulated and implemented | Number of city and community development plans formulated and implemented based on the national housing, slum upgrading and prevention strategies and programmes |
| | Number of partner countries that are working towards the realisation of the right to adequate housing as a component of the right to an adequate standard of living, particularly the reduction of unlawful forced evictions | Increased number of partner national authorities commencing the implementation of slum upgrading programmes | |
| | Number of countries that are implementing sustainable building codes and regulations | | |
| Sub-Expected Accomplishment | Partnerships at global and regional levels towards the formulation of the Global Housing Strategy established and strengthened. | Partnerships at national level for formulating national housing and slum upgrading strategies and programmes in aligned with the GHS strengthened. | Partnerships at city and community level for implementing housing and slum upgrading initiatives strengthened. National housing and slum upgrading strategies and programmes at city and community levels |
| | Global Housing Strategy formulated and adopted by Member States. | National housing and slum upgrading strategies and programmes formulated and implemented. | mainstreamed. |

| Indicator | Number of international events and policy dialogue | Number of National Habitat Committees established | Number of communities participating in |
|-----------|---|--|---|
| | meetings held with engagement of key players, leading | that support the formulation of national housing and | strategy development and decision making |
| | to partnerships to promote the GHS vision and | slum upgrading strategies and programmes aligned with | processes aligned with GHS. |
| | principles. | GHS | |
| | Number of substantive documents elaborated to support the formulation and adoption of the Global Housing Strategy | Number of national housing and slum upgrading strategies and programmes formulated and implemented | Number of national housing and slum upgrading strategies and programmes mainstreamed at city and community levels. |

Focus Area 6: Risk reduction and rehabilitation

| Strategic Result | Cities have increased their resilience to the impacts of natural and human-made crises and undertaken rehabilitation in ways that advance sustainable urban development | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Indicator | Number of partner cities, regional and national authorities that have implemented and integrated risk reduction strategies and programming within their urban planning and management systems, with particular emphasis on the most vulnerable population | | | |
| Expected Accomplishment | Improved urban risk reduction policies, strategies and programmes adopted for greater resilience of cities and other human settlements | Improved settlements recovery and reconstruction interventions for long-term sustainability in cities and other human settlements | Shelter rehabilitation programmes in crises responses have contributed to sustainable and resilient cities and other human settlements | |
| Indicator | Number of local, regional and national governments and partners that have included urban risk reduction and management in their plans | Percentage of partner cities and other human settlements, that have implemented sustainable urban reconstruction programmes including risk reduction | Percentage of shelter rehabilitation programmes of partners contributing to disaster-resilient permanent housing | |
| | | Percentage of UN-Habitat emergency interventions integrating long-term development and risk reduction | Percentage of shelter rehabilitation programmes of UN-Habitat contributing to disaster-resilient permanent housing | |
| Sub Expected Accomplishment | | | | |
| Indicators | | | | |

Focus Area 7: Research and Capacity Development

| Strategic Result | Key actors at local, national and global levels acquire increased knowledge on sustainable urbanisation issues and enhanced capacity for monitoring urban conditions as well as for formulation and implementation of evidence-based policies and programmes | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Indicator | Number of partner city, regional and national authorities and other partners that have the capacity to formulate and implement evidence based urban policies and programmes | | | | |
| Expected Accomplishment | Improved monitoring of urban conditions and trends | Improved knowledge on sustainable urbanisation issues at local, national and global levels | Improved capacities of national and local authorities and partners to formulate and implement informed policies and programmes | | |
| Indicator | Number of urban observatories using UN-Habitat monitoring tools, methods and data | Number of local and national governments that have used UN-Habitat flagship publications and best practices database for policy formulation | Number of partner local and national authorities that have improved capacity to formulate informed policies and programmes. | | |
| | Number of partner national statistical offices producing urban data and indicators | Number of partner countries producing national cities reports to enhance local and national policy planning | Increase in the number of policies and programmes utilizing evidence-based information | | |
| Sub Expected Accomplishment | Increased capacity for implementation of urban monitoring systems | Increased dissemination and awareness of knowledge on sustainable urbanisation issues | Improved capacity of institutions that strengthen the capacity of national and local authorities and partners | | |
| Indicator | Number of partners (individual or institutional) supporting and using the observatories | Number of flagship publication downloads from the UN Habitat website disaggregated into profile and purpose of users and use Number of media articles and citations on global | Number of institutions that are using UN-Habitat's training and capacity development tools and guidelines to strengthen capacities of national and local authorities and partners | | |
| | | regional and national reports Number of hits on the best practices database | | | |